## EASTERN IDAHO

## County Community Data Profile

Vantage Point 2015: 12 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ District Community Indicators Project
Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco

Project Contact: Gabriella Chiarenza
gabriella.chiarenza@sf.frb.org

Includes data for Bear Lake County, Butte County, Clark County, Caribou County, Franklin County, Fremont County, Jefferson County, Madison County, Oneida County, Power County, Teton County with comparative data for the United States and Idaho


FEDERAL RESERVE BANK
OF SAN FRANCISCO

## Social and Demographic Data



Source: American Community Survey (ACS) 09-13 (five year set), DP02, of total households (Note: family households include a householder and one or more people in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption.)


Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of total family households


Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 25 yrs and older


Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 25 yrs and older


Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of civilian population 18 yrs and older


Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of total civilian noninstitutionalized population


Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 5 yrs and older


Source: ACS 09-13, B02001, of total population


Source: ACS 09-13, B03003, of total population

## Employment Data



Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of population 16 years and older


Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of civilian labor force


Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of civilian employed pop 16 years and older


Source: ACS 09-13, S0801, of workers age 16 and older who do not work at home

Financial Stability Data


Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of total households


Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of total population


Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of total households (Note: SNAP is the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, also known as food stamps)


Source: CFED, Local Data Center Mapping Tool, 2014 (Note: asset poor households are those without sufficient net worth - total assets minus total liabilities to subsist at the poverty level for three months in the absence of income; liquid asset poor households are those without sufficient liquid assets - money in bank accounts, stocks, mutual funds, and retirement accounts - to subsist at the poverty level for three months in the absence of income.)


Source: CFED, Local Data Center Mapping Tool, 2014 (Note: unbanked households are those without a checking or savings account; and underbanked households are those that have a checking and/or savings account but also used alternative financial services in the past 12 months.)

## Housing Data



Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 1 year and older


Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of total housing units


Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of total housing units


Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of occupied housing units


Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of occupied housing units


Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of owner-/ renter-occupied households (Note: A household is considered to have a housing cost burden if it is paying 30 percent or more of its income on housing costs, including rent, utilities, mortgage payments, and insurance)

## Health Data

|  | Bear <br> Lake <br> County | Butte County | Caribou County | Franklin County | Fremont County | Jefferson County | Madison County | Oneida County | Power County | Teton County | Top US Performers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average self-reported poor mental health days per month | 4 | 4 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 2.4 |
| Percent of children born with low birthweight | 9\% | n/a | 7\% | 6\% | 7\% | 6\% | 5\% | 8\% | 9\% | 7\% | 6\% |
| Percent of adults who smoke | 11\% | 18\% | 16\% | 10\% | 17\% | 10\% | 3\% | 19\% | 13\% | 10\% | 14\% |
| Percent of adults who are obese | 27\% | 30\% | 25\% | 28\% | 24\% | 28\% | 26\% | 32\% | 30\% | 26\% | 25\% |
| Percent of adults who regularly drink heavily or binge drink alcohol | 5\% | n/a | 9\% | 6\% | 10\% | 9\% | 3\% |  | 11\% | 20\% | 10\% |
| Proportion of driving deaths with alcohol involvement | 29\% | 25\% | 42\% | 29\% | 24\% | 40\% | 6\% | 18\% | 32\% | 20\% | 14\% |
| Births to teenagers within the past year per 1,000 females age 15-19 | 26 | 22 | 24 | 26 | 39 | 34 | 8 | 29 | 54 | 33 | 20 |
| Ratio of population to primary care providers | 1,500:1 | 941:1 | 6,850:1 | 3,213:1 | n/a | 4,384:1 | 1,803:1 | 1,405:1 | 3,883:1 | 1,694:1 | 1,051:1 |
| Ratio of population to dentists | 1,969:1 | 2,740:1 | 1,697:1 | 1,827:1 | 1,851:1 | 3,812:1 | 1,971:1 | 4,215:1 | 3,889:1 | 2,010:1 | 1,392:1 |
| Ratio of population to mental health care providers | 1,969:1 | 2,740:1 | 6,787:1 | n/a | 6,479:1 | 3,336:1 | 1,171:1 | 4,215:1 | 2,593:1 | 1,005:1 | 521:1 |
| Percent of population potentially exposed to drinking water violations | 4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 7\% | 56\% | 3\% | 47\% | 0\% | 47\% | 2\% | 0\% |
| Percent of population with diabetes | 10\% | 10\% | 8\% | 9\% | 9\% | 9\% | 6\% | 10\% | 8\% | 7\% |  |
| Percent of households experiencing food insecurity | 13\% | 14\% | 13\% | 12\% | 13\% | 13\% | 21\% | 13\% | 15\% | 13\% |  |
| Homicide deaths per 100,000 population | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |  |

Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJ), County Health Rankings \& Roadmaps, 2014

