EASTERN IDAHO

County Community Data Profile

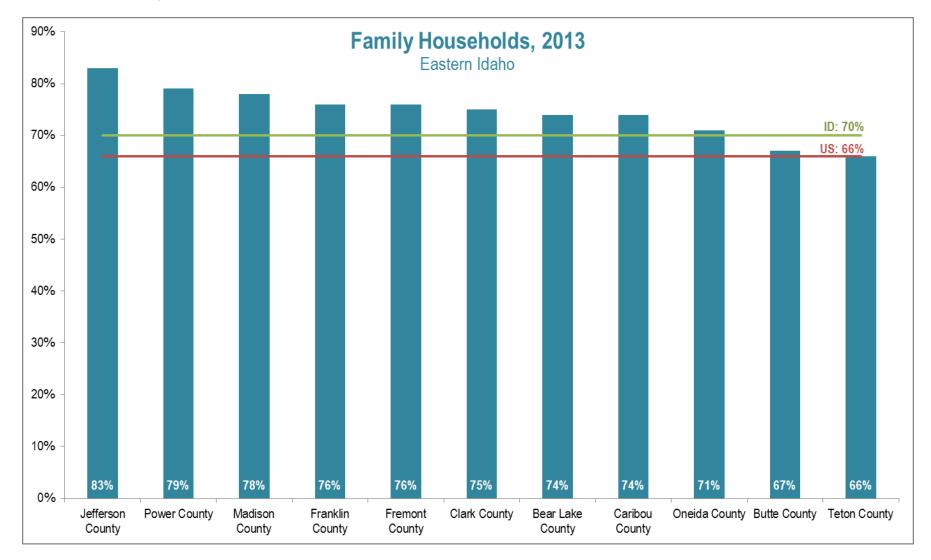
Vantage Point 2015: 12th District Community Indicators Project Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco

Project Contact: Gabriella Chiarenza gabriella.chiarenza@sf.frb.org

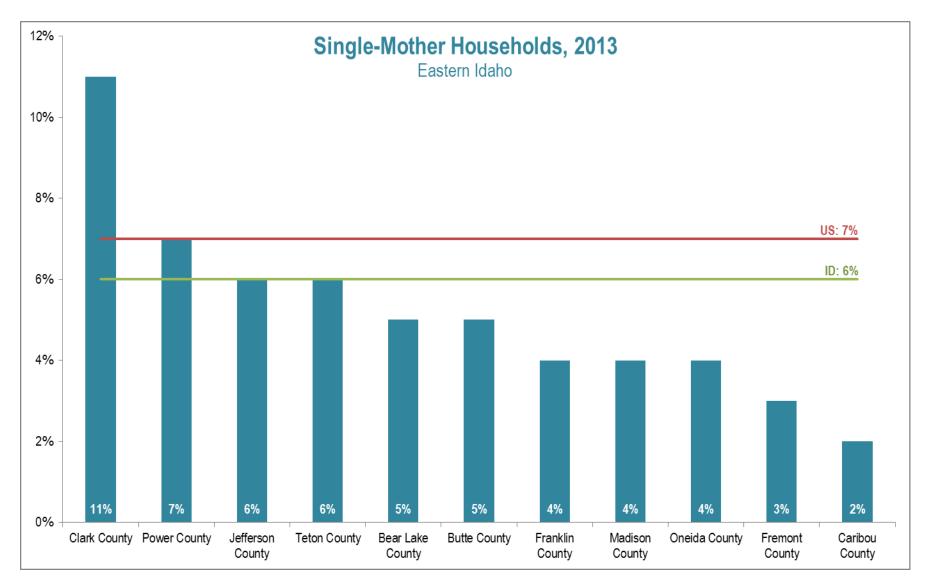
Includes data for Bear Lake County, Butte County, Clark County, Caribou County, Franklin County, Fremont County, Jefferson County, Madison County, Oneida County, Power County, Teton County with comparative data for the United States and Idaho



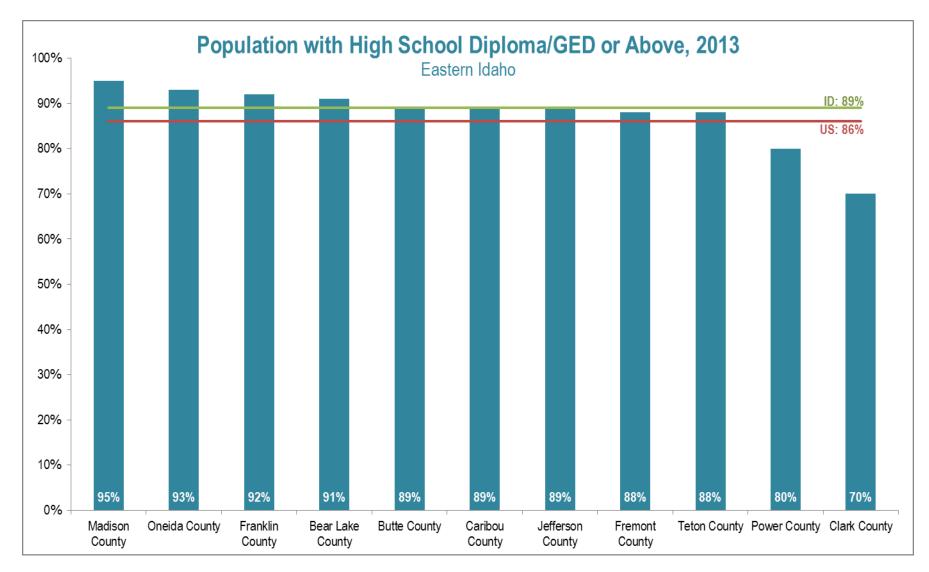
Social and Demographic Data



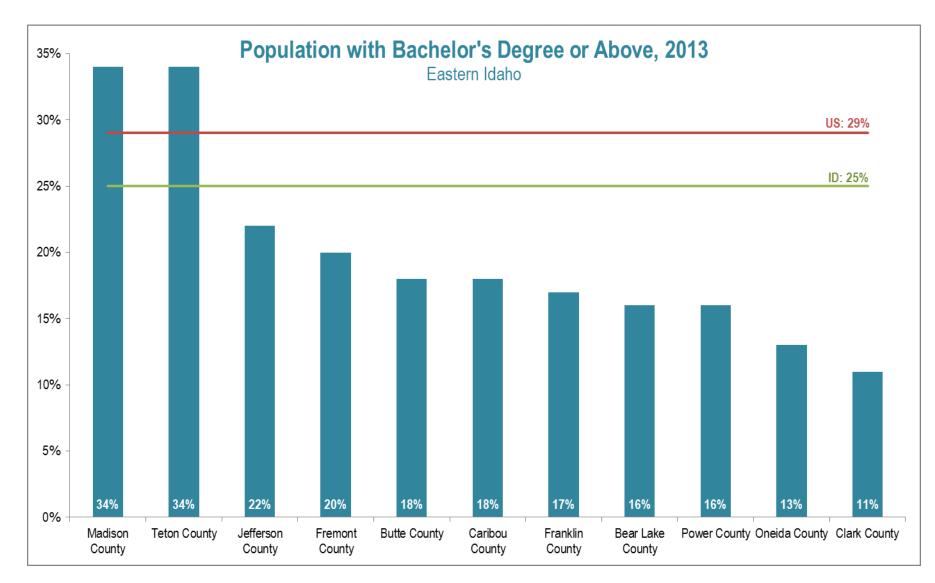
Source: American Community Survey (ACS) 09-13 (five year set), DP02, of total households (Note: family households include a householder and one or more people in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption.)



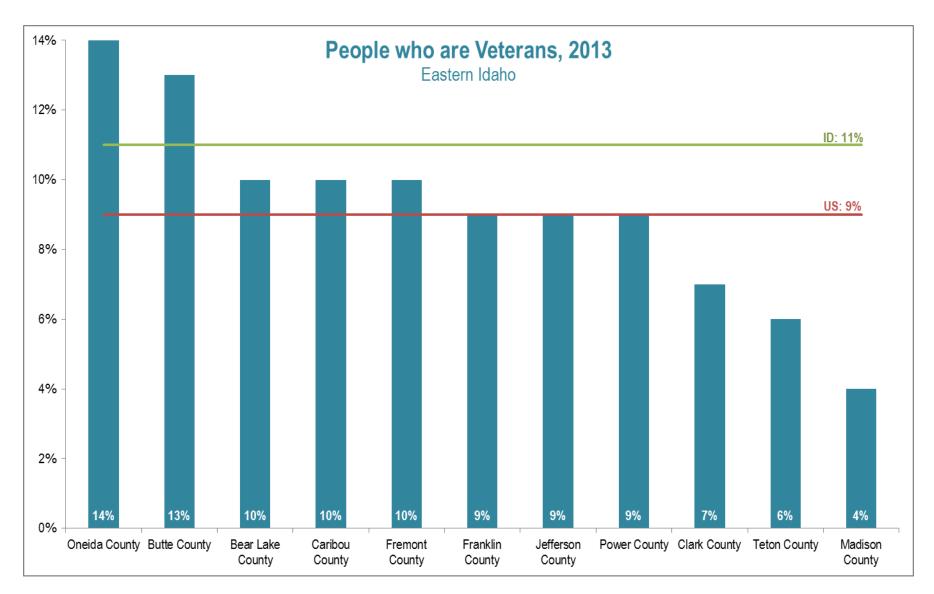
Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of total family households



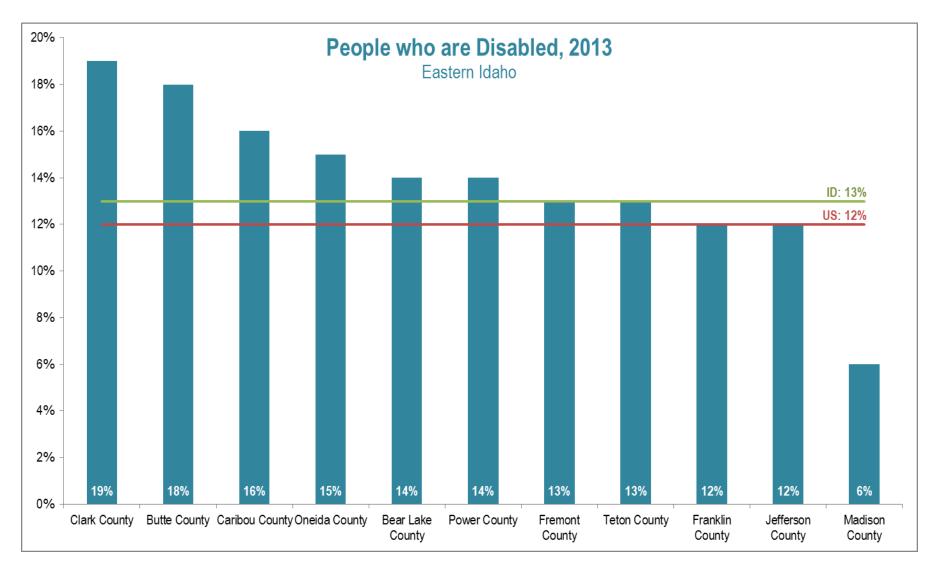
Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 25 yrs and older



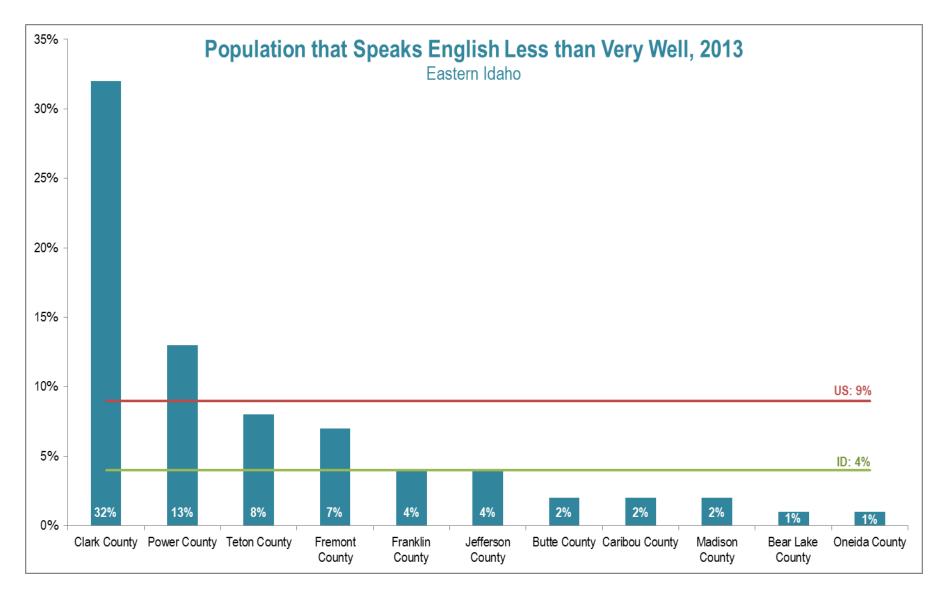
Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 25 yrs and older



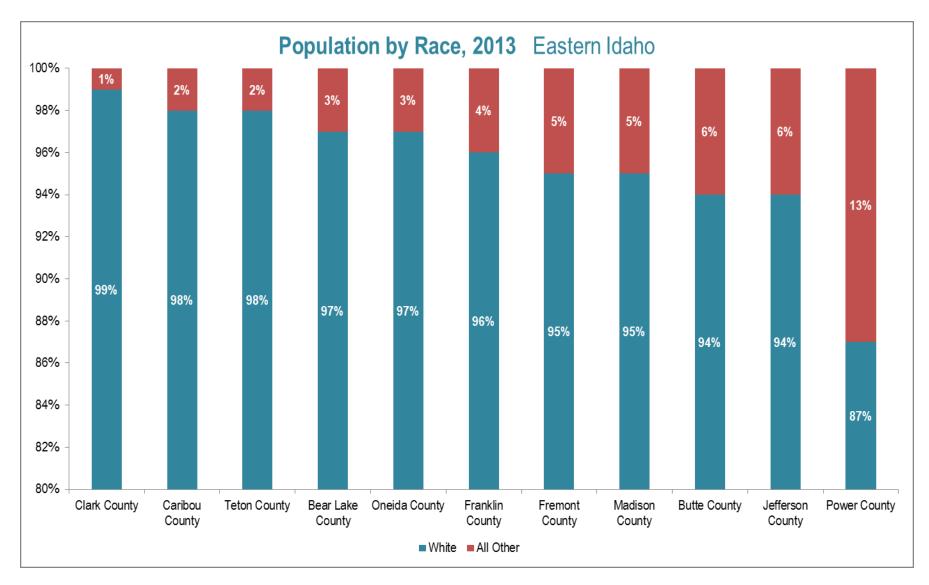
Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of civilian population 18 yrs and older



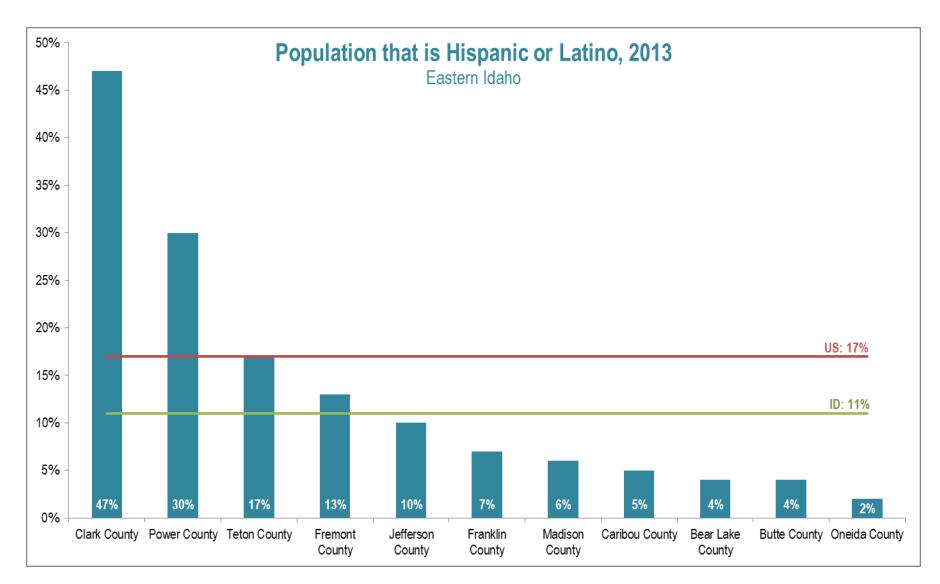
Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of total civilian noninstitutionalized population



Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 5 yrs and older

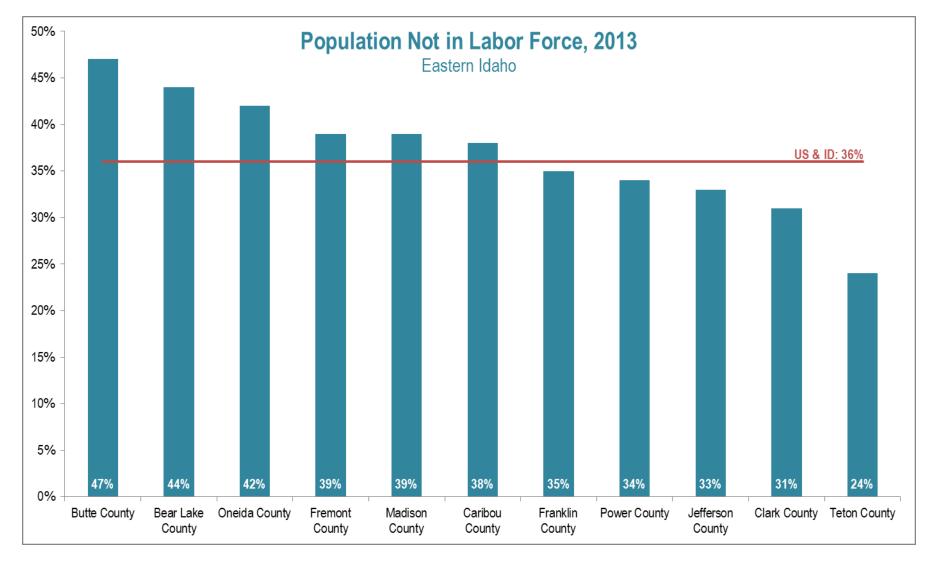


Source: ACS 09-13, B02001, of total population

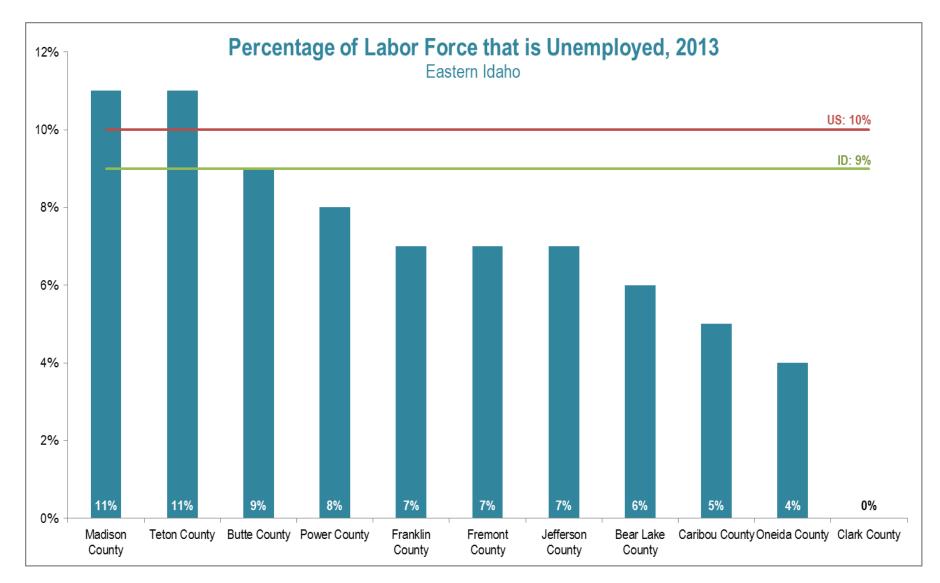


Source: ACS 09-13, B03003, of total population

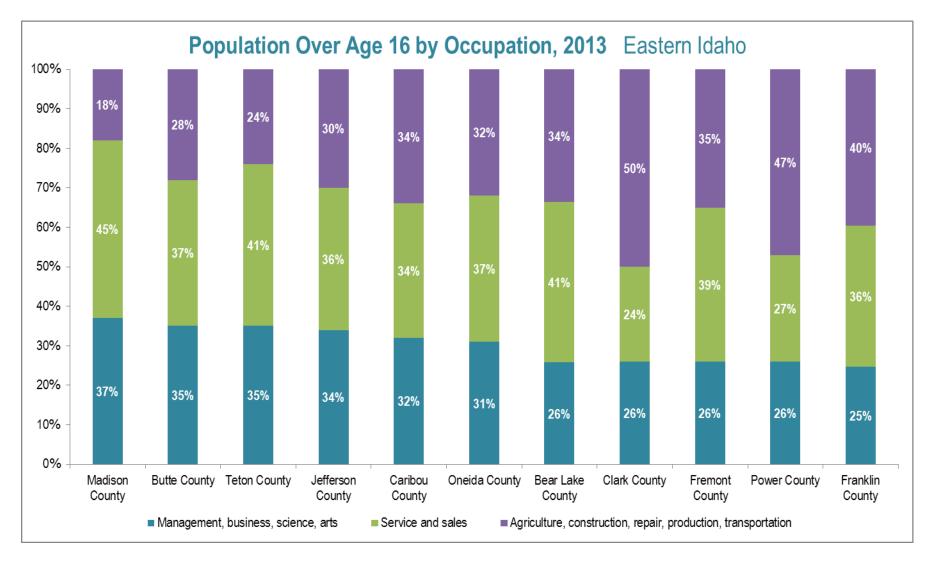
Employment Data



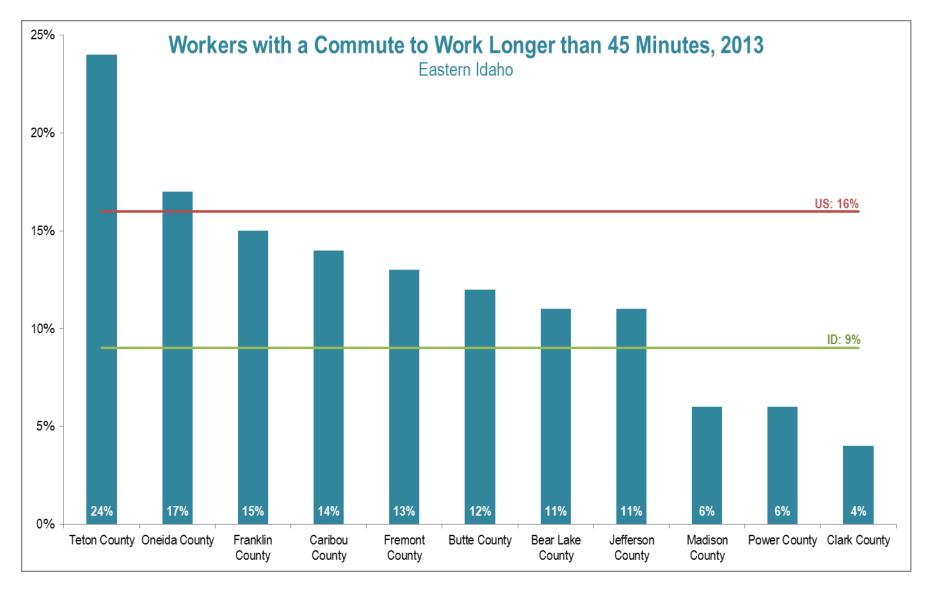
Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of population 16 years and older



Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of civilian labor force

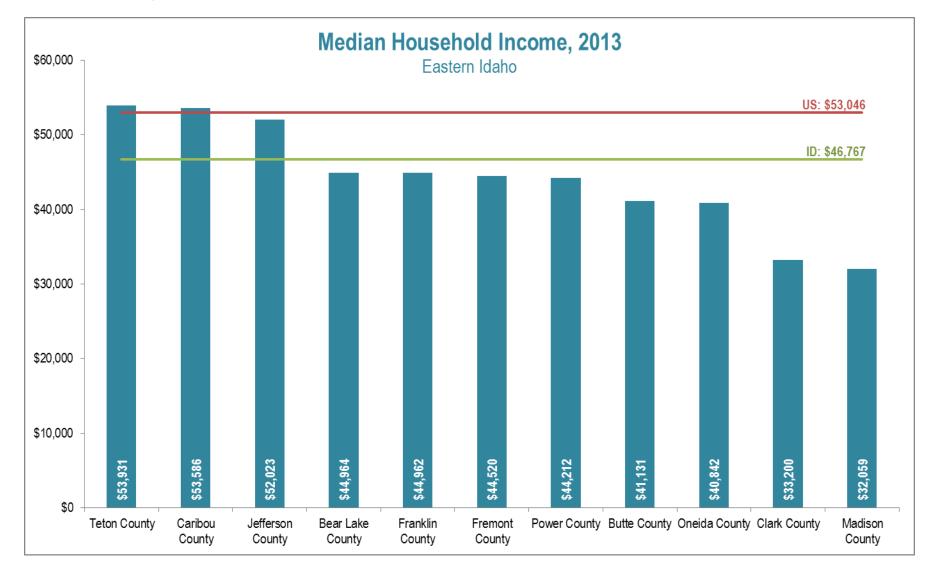


Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of civilian employed pop 16 years and older

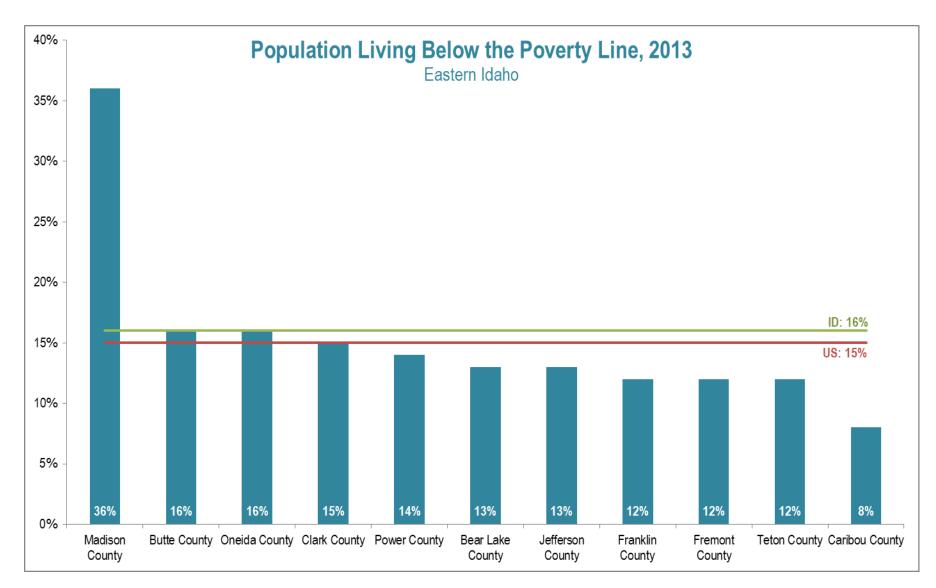


Source: ACS 09-13, S0801, of workers age 16 and older who do not work at home

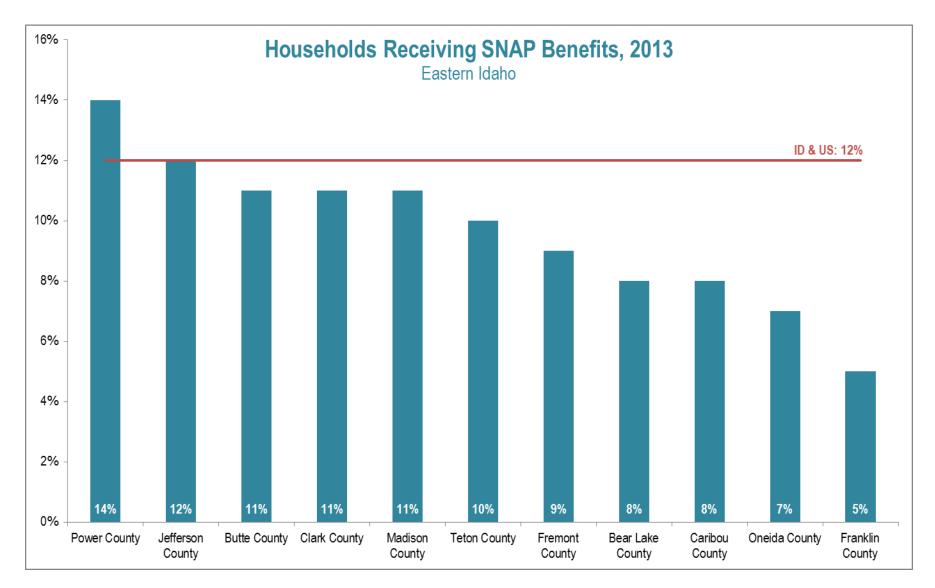
Financial Stability Data



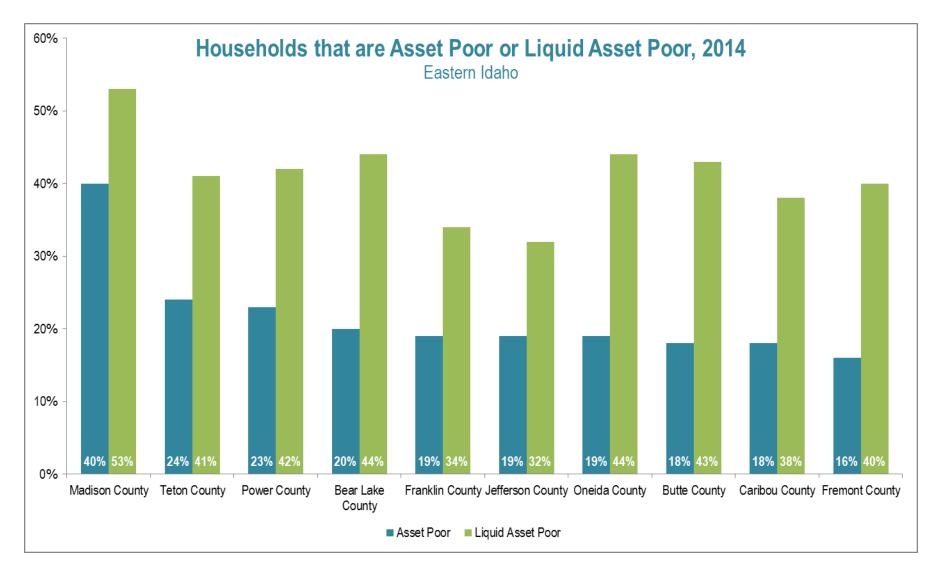
Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of total households



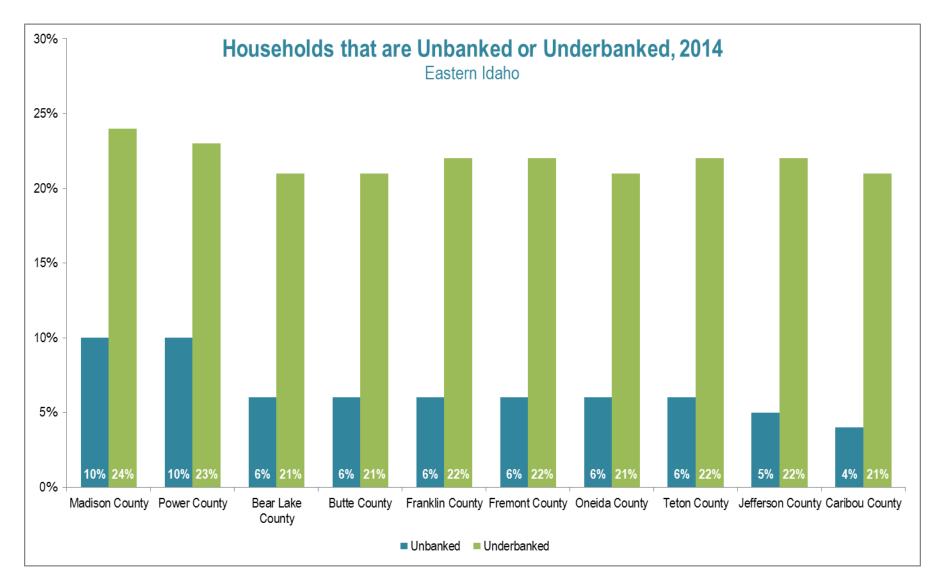
Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of total population



Source: ACS 09-13, DP03, of total households (Note: SNAP is the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, also known as food stamps)

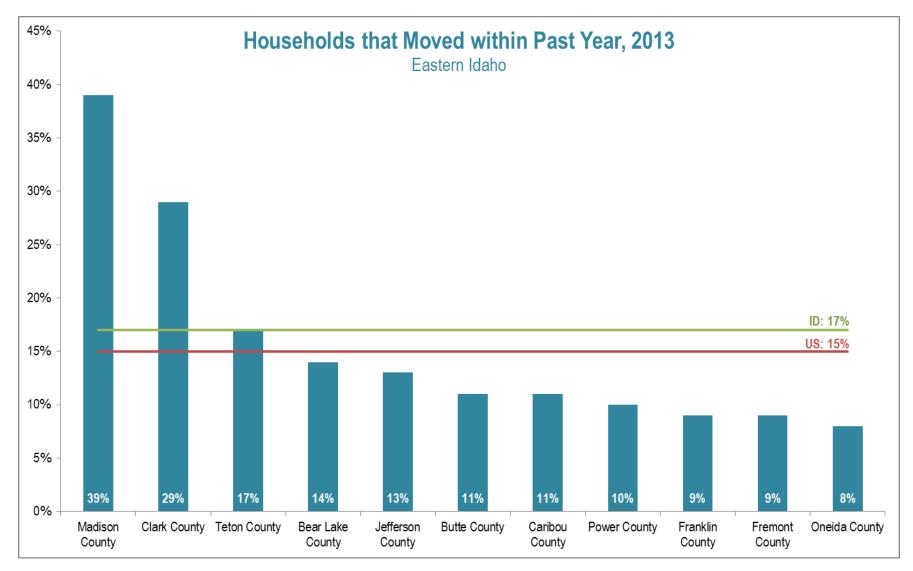


Source: CFED, Local Data Center Mapping Tool, 2014 (Note: asset poor households are those without sufficient net worth – total assets minus total liabilities – to subsist at the poverty level for three months in the absence of income; liquid asset poor households are those without sufficient liquid assets – money in bank accounts, stocks, mutual funds, and retirement accounts – to subsist at the poverty level for three months in the absence of stocks.

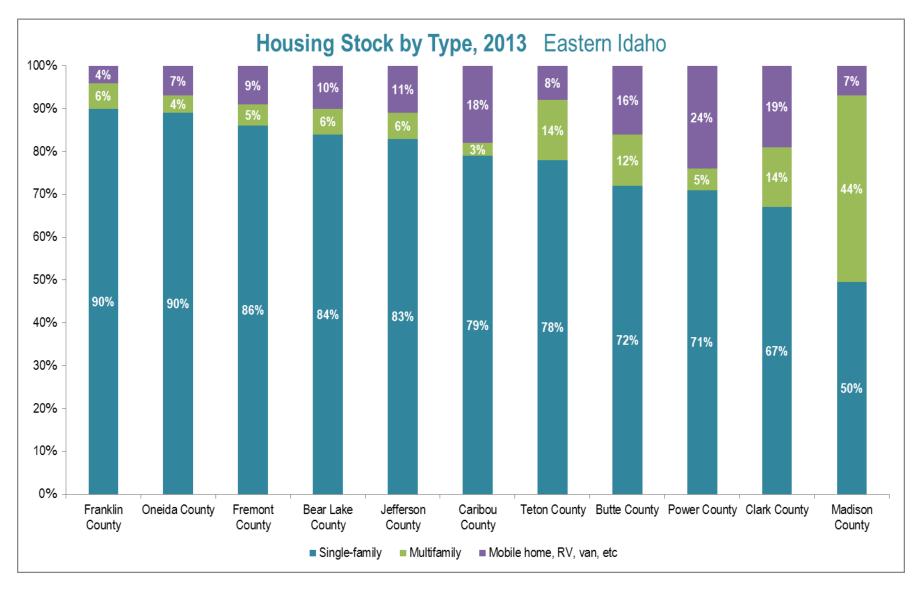


Source: CFED, Local Data Center Mapping Tool, 2014 (Note: unbanked households are those without a checking or savings account; and underbanked households are those that have a checking and/or savings account but also used alternative financial services in the past 12 months.)

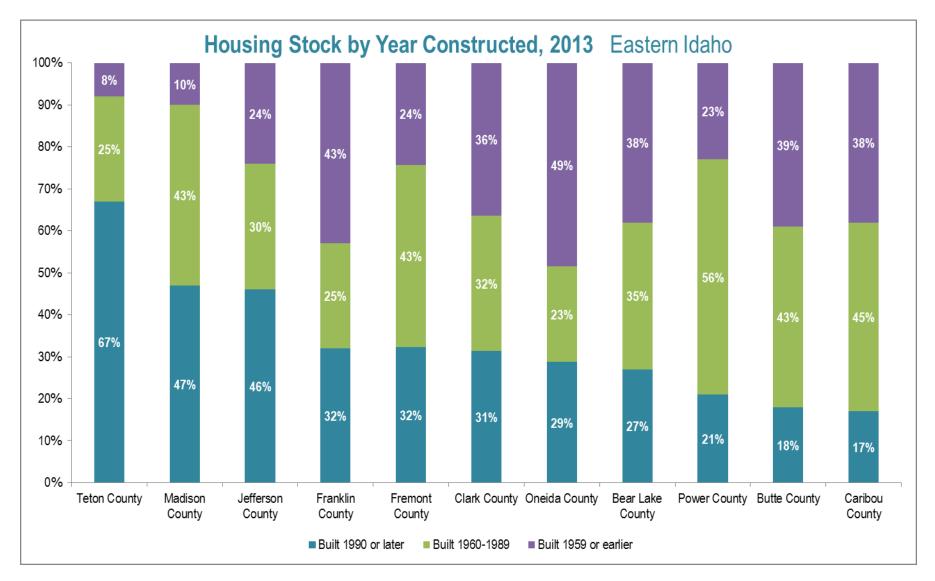
Housing Data



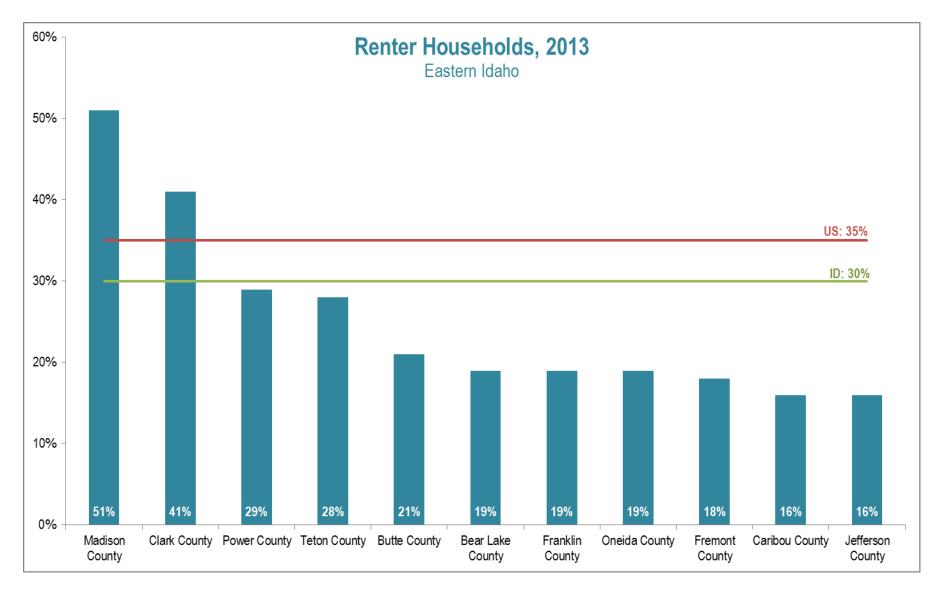
Source: ACS 09-13, DP02, of population 1 year and older



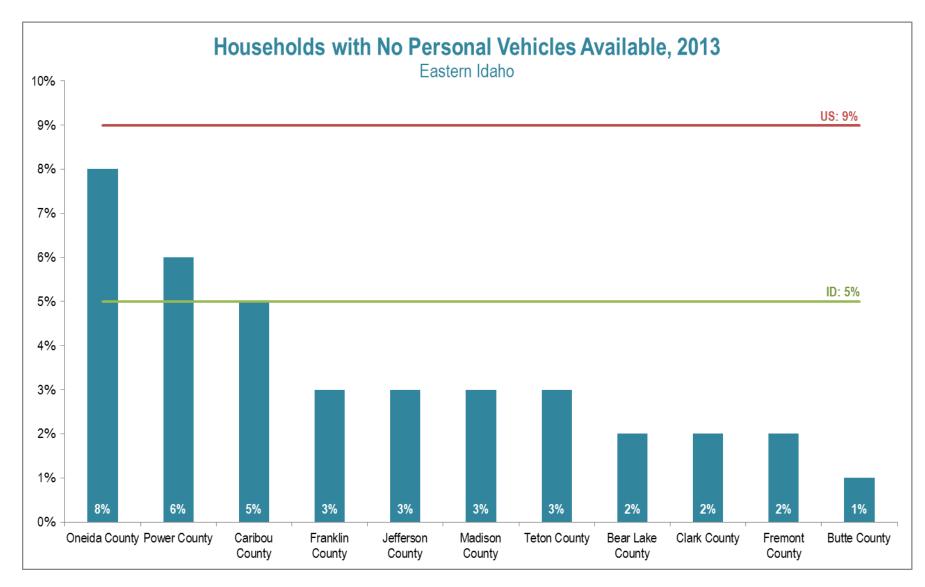
Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of total housing units



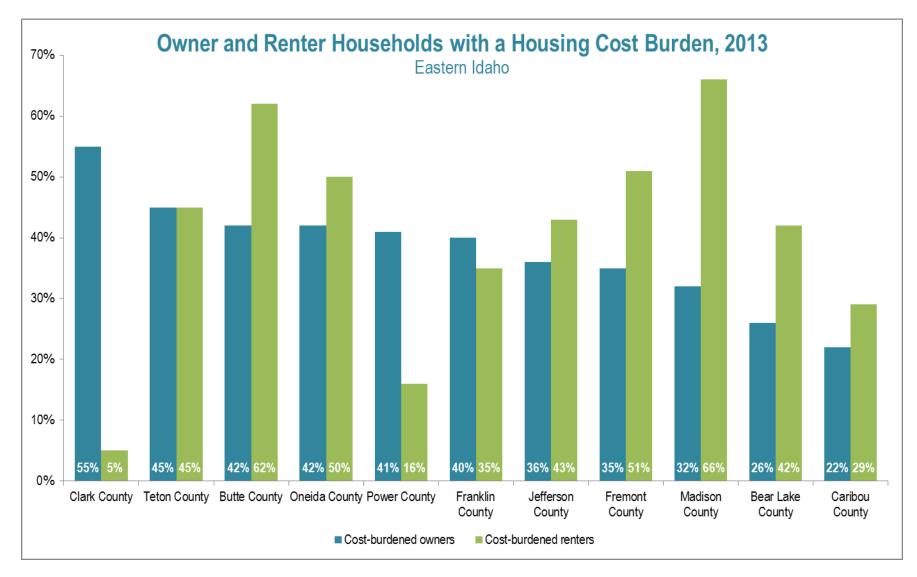
Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of total housing units



Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of occupied housing units



Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of occupied housing units



Source: ACS 09-13, DP04, of owner- / renter-occupied households (Note: A household is considered to have a housing cost burden if it is paying 30 percent or more of its income on housing costs, including rent, utilities, mortgage payments, and insurance)

Health Data

	Bear Lake County	Butte County	Caribou County	Franklin County	Fremont County	Jefferson County	Madison County	Oneida County	Power County	Teton County	Top US Performers
Average self-reported poor	County										
mental health days per month	4	4	3.4	3.9	3.2	3.4	2.6	2.8	3.8	3.2	2.4
Percent of children born with											
low birthweight	9%	n/a	7%	6%	7%	6%	5%	8%	9%	7%	6%
Percent of adults who smoke	11%	18%	16%	10%	17%	10%	3%	19%	13%	10%	14%
Percent of adults who are											
obese	27%	30%	25%	28%	24%	28%	26%	32%	30%	26%	25%
Percent of adults who											
regularly drink heavily or binge											
drink alcohol	5%	n/a	9%	6%	10%	9%	3%		11%	20%	10%
Proportion of driving deaths	000/	050/	400/	000/	0.40/	400/	00/	400/	000/	000/	4.40/
with alcohol involvement	29%	25%	42%	29%	24%	40%	6%	18%	32%	20%	14%
Births to teenagers within the											
past year per 1,000 females	26	22	24	26	39	34	8	29	54	33	20
age 15-19 Ratio of population to primary	20		24	20			0	29	54	33	20
care providers	1,500:1	941:1	6,850:1	3,213:1	n/a	4,384:1	1,803:1	1,405:1	3,883:1	1,694:1	1,051:1
Ratio of population to dentists	1,969:1	2,740:1	1,697:1	1,827:1	1,851:1	3,812:1	1,971:1	4,215:1	3,889:1	2,010:1	1,392:1
Ratio of population to mental	1,000.1	2,110.1	1,007.1	1,027.1	1,001.1	0,012.1	1,071.1	1,210.1	0,000.1	2,010.1	1,002.1
health care providers	1,969:1	2,740:1	6,787:1	n/a	6,479:1	3,336:1	1,171:1	4,215:1	2,593:1	1,005:1	521:1
Percent of population	,	, -	-, -		- ,	- ,	,	, -	,	,	
potentially exposed to drinking											
water violations	4%	0%	0%	7%	56%	3%	47%	0%	47%	2%	0%
Percent of population with											
diabetes	10%	10%	8%	9%	9%	9%	6%	10%	8%	7%	
Percent of households											
experiencing food insecurity	13%	14%	13%	12%	13%	13%	21%	13%	15%	13%	
Homicide deaths per 100,000	,	,	,	,	,	,	,		,	,	
population	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	

Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJ), County Health Rankings & Roadmaps, 2014