Banks at a Glance: Alaska

Financial Institution Supervision and Credit sf.fisc.publications@sf.frb.org

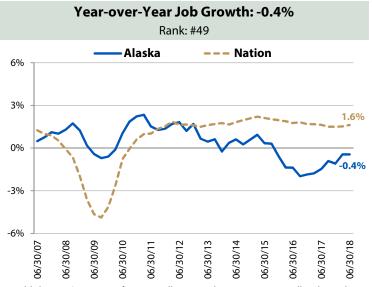


Economic and Banking Highlights

Data as of 6/30/2018

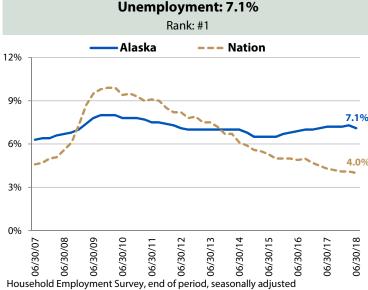
- Alaska's economy strengthened but continued to underperform. The state lost jobs at a slower pace, aided by higher global demand for energy. The unemployment rate was the highest nationally but improved recently because of lower labor force participation, as discouraged job seekers left the workforce and, in some cases, the state. As net out-migration continued, Alaska's housing sector strengthened only slightly.
- Despite the state's economic woes, Alaska's bank performance generally compared favorably to the nation. Profitability improved on a wider average net interest margin and lower taxes. Provision expense remained low and nonperforming assets were manageable. Loan growth rebounded, mostly in construction and land development, pushing up the state's average commercial real estate concentration and risk weighted asset-toassets ratios. Meanwhile, the average total risk-based capital ratio and level of liquid assets declined, yet continued to compare favorably to national averages.

Key Economic Metrics (ranking #1 = highest in the nation)

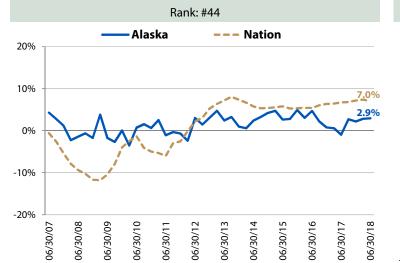


Establishment Survey, nonfarm payrolls, quarterly average, seasonally adjusted Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

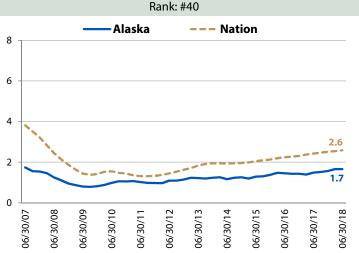
Year-over-Year Home Price Growth: 2.9%



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



Housing Price Index, year-over-year change of average home prices Source: Federal Housing Finance Agency



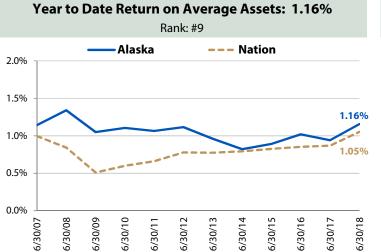
Single Family Permits / 1,000 Residents: 1.7

Trailing twelve month single family permits / average twelve month population in thousands, by state

Source: Census Bureau

The opinions expressed in this publication are those of the authors. Opinions are intended only for informational purposes, and are not formal opinions of, nor binding on, the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco or the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Key Banking Metrics (averages across banks; ranking #1 = highest in the nation)

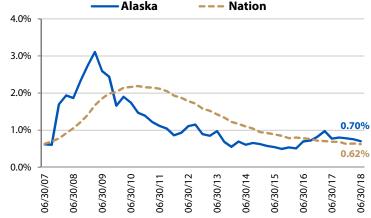


Net income / average assets, adjusted for S-Corps, annualized

Year-over-Year Net Loan Growth: 5.7% Rank: #32 Alaska --- Nation 12% 8% 0% -4% 36/30/18 80/08/90 60/08/90 01/08/90 26/30/11 26/30/12 36/30/15)6/30/17 20/08/90

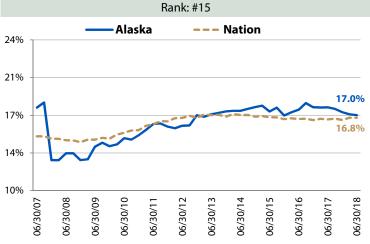
Nonperforming Assets / Total Assets: 0.70%





90+ days past due + nonaccruals + other real estate owned / total assets

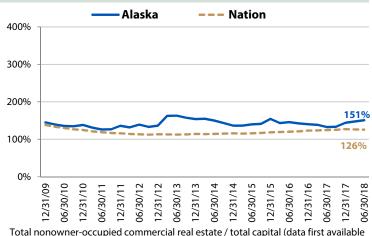
Total Risk-Based Capital Ratio: 17.0%



Total capital / risk-weighted assets

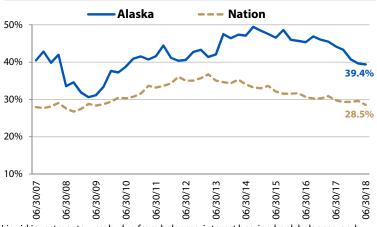
CRE Concentration: 151%





in 2009)

Securities and Liquid Invest. / Total Assets: 39.4% Rank: #2



 $\label{linear} \mbox{Liquid investments} = \mbox{cash, due from balances, interest bearing bank balances, and} \\ \mbox{Fed funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell}$

Source: Call Report data for commercial banks based upon headquarters location. Averages are calculated on a "trimmed" basis by removing the highest 10% and lowest 10% of ratio values prior to averaging to prevent distortion from outliers. All charts display quarterly data, except for return on average assets which displays the same quarter in each year. Growth rates are not adjusted for mergers. Graphics and data exclude "De Novo" banks (banks less than five years old). As of the latest period, the count of banks included in these statistics were 4 for the state and 4.794 for the nation.